Introduction

The Mississippi Division of Medicaid (the Division) uses the 3MTM APR-DRG mainframe grouper to assign APR-DRGs to inpatient acute care claims. Providers are not required to purchase the APR-DRG grouping software. However, many providers choose to use the 3M desktop grouping software to verify APR-DRG assignments as grouped and disseminated by the Division. This document describes the desktop Core Grouping Software schedule settings providers should use to replicate the Division's grouping results.

Technical operation of the grouping software is outside the scope of this document. This document assumes the reader is versed in the technical operation of the 3MTM desktop Core Grouping Software (CGS). 3M provides training on the technical operation of its products to licensed users.

The terminology and screen print illustrations throughout this document were obtained from the 3M CGS desktop user interface and from the 3M customer support website using the documentation library.

Key Terms

Envision The Mississippi Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS)

APR-DRG All Patient Refined Diagnosis Related Groups

Grouping The act of determining the APR-DRG assignment for a claim using the 3M CGS grouping

algorithm

The Division The Mississippi Division of Medicaid

POA Present on admission indicators

Schedule A collection of settings that provide processing details for a specified set of records, including:

· Grouper and reimbursement scheme to use

Date range when the schedule applies

· Values (standard and hospital-specific) to use for calculating reimbursement

Settings specific to the grouper or reimbursement scheme, such as options for

determining thirth and accounting this hours. BBC.

determining birth weight and computing discharge DRG

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Overview

3M

This section provides an overview of available grouper setting options. The descriptions correspond to the grouper screen prints in Figures 1-12 below.

- User Key 1 The primary key the software uses to identify the schedule to use for processing.
 - A schedule must be set up and available for processing in the Schedule Setup Module.
 - The software matches the user keys on the record to the user keys in schedules and compares the claim dates on the record with the schedule's effective date range when determining which schedule to use for processing.
- User Key 2 The primary key the software uses to identify the schedule to use for processing.
 - User Key 2 is required if using the software to determine reimbursement. If using the software to
 determine the APR-DRG assignment only, this option can be left blank. Using the software to calculate
 reimbursement is outside the scope of this document. Licensed users should refer to 3M for instructions
 relative to how to use the desktop CGS to calculate reimbursement.

- Begin date The effective begin date of the schedule to use for processing.
- End date The effective end date of the schedule to use for processing.
- **Description** A user defined description of the schedule.
- Reimbursement scheme The inpatient reimbursement scheme which the hospital or agency applies
 during the effective time period. This setting is not required for DRG assignment and is out-of-scope for this
 document. Please refer to 3M documentation for how to use this setting if you are using the software to
 calculate reimbursement.
- **Keyed by** This setting indicates whether claims should be processed based on the first or last dates of service (admit date or discharge date). Effective October 1, 2012, DRG payment was based on the first date of service (keyed by = admit date). Effective October 1, 2013, the Division updated the DRG payment logic to be driven by the last date of service (keyed by = discharge date). The screen shots below indicate when to select a keyed by option of admit or discharge date.
- **Grouper version** New APR-DRG versions are issued on October 1 of each year, to coincide with the release of the new ICD diagnosis and procedure codes upon which the DRG logic relies. The current grouper version is APR-DRG version 36 and was released on October 1, 2018. However, the Division will continue to use version 35, which was released on October 1, 2017, in SFY 20 (July 1, 2019, to June 30, 2020).
- Interpretation of Undetermined POA indicators Select the default of option 0 W treated as N, U treated as N.
- **PPC version** Potentially Preventable Complications (PPC) do not apply to Mississippi Medicaid at this time. The indicator should be set to the default of none.
- HAC Hospital Acquired Conditions. The Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 requires the Centers for Medicare
 and Medicaid Services (CMS) to adjust Medicare DRG payment for certain preventable Hospital Acquired
 Conditions (HACs). Most hospitals must include POA indicators on inpatient Medicare claims so that HACs
 can be identified. When a diagnosis satisfies the HAC criteria, that diagnosis is not considered a
 Complication or Comorbidity (CC) or a Major Complication or Comorbidity (MCC), and it is not considered
 in the grouping and estimated reimbursement calculation for the stay. Points to consider include the
 following:
 - Beginning October 1, 2007, CMS requires POA reporting.
 - Beginning October 1, 2008, CMS does not pay hospitals for HACs that CMS considers preventable.
 - The Division, with CMS approval, manually adjusted HACs from October 1, 2011, through June 30, 2014. Effective July 1, 2014, the Division began using the 3M HAC utility to identify HACs. Because Medicaid will no longer reimburse hospitals for costs associated with Hospital Acquired Conditions (HACs), and many states base their Medicaid grouping results on the 3M APR-DRG Classification system, 3M has added functionality to the APR-DRG grouper to accommodate the HAC regulations and provide HAC-adjusted reimbursement.
 - The HAC version is Mississippi and SFY specific beginning July 1, 2014, forward. The Mississippi specific HAC version recognizes the pediatric age break as less than 21. Other, non-state specific, indicators recognize the pediatric age break as less than 18.
- Payer logic This indicator applies to Ohio Medicaid only and should be defaulted to none.
- Birth weight Assignment of some newborn/neonatal DRGs require the patient's birth weight in order to determine the correct DRG assignment. The birth weight option, (the fifth selection option) for Mississippi Medicaid is coded weight with default. Coded birth weight means that the weight is coded by the diagnosis codes listed on the claim. The software considers coded birth weight invalid in these instances:
 - If there is more than one diagnosis code-defined birth weight on the claim and the codes indicate different birth weights.
 - If the only diagnosis code defining a birth weight is a Not Otherwise Specified (NOS) code.

The coded weight with default option tells the software that if the entered birth weight is invalid, the birth weight is set to a default of 2,500 grams.

- Discharge DRG Option This option tells the grouper how to handle Complication of Care (COC) codes when computing the discharge DRG, discharge Severity of Illness (SOI) and discharge Risk of Mortality (ROM). Prior to July 1, 2015, the discharge DRG option on the desktop grouper was option 1, "Compute excluding all Complication of Care Codes." Beginning July 1, 2015, the Division changed the Discharge DRG option to "Compute excluding only non-POA Complication of Care Codes." This is option 0 on the desktop grouper. Excluding only non-POA COC codes is the grouper's default option. The primary difference between these two options is the ability to compute the discharge DRG, SOI, and ROM with or without COC codes that were indicated as POA on the record.
- Entered Code Mapping New ICD-10 diagnosis and procedure codes are released by CMS each October 1. At the same time, old ICD-10 diagnosis and procedure codes are retired if they are no longer applicable or are superseded by a new code. Each version of the APR-DRG grouping software is designed to use the current release of ICD-10 diagnosis and procedure codes. If a user is processing inpatient records that contain diagnosis or procedure codes that are not present in the current release, code mapping is required. Mapping translates expired or new codes on the claim to valid ICD-10 codes as required by the grouper version. This field must be set based on the ICD/PCS code version used on the claim records to be processed.
- Mapping Type Code mapping is defined in two ways, historical or logical.
 - Historical mapping is used to backward map from a newer version to an older version and to convert older codes to a newer code set version. For example, you can use the historical mapping option to map version 36 ICD-10-CM/PCS codes to version 35 ICD-10-CM/PCS codes.
 - Logical mapping is only used with ICD-9-CM codes. It is not used with ICD-10-CM/PCS.
 - Note: This field is set to none when the grouper version is from the same fiscal year as the claims to be processed.
- Relative Weights Prior to October 1, 2013, charge-based APR-DRG relative weights were used. Beginning October 1, 2013, Hospital-specific Relative Weights (HSRV) are used to price a claim.

Note: The relative weights are embedded into the grouping software. The version of relative weights used in the DRG assignment process is associated with the grouper version option.

Table 1										
APR-DRG Grouper Settings History										
State Fiscal Year	DRG Year	From Date	Through Date	DRG Grouper	HAC	Mapper	Мар Туре	Segment	ICD-Code Version	
SFY 13 ¹	Year 1	10/1/2012	9/30/2013	V.29	NA	V.30	Historical	Complete	ICD-9-CM	
SFY 14 ¹	Year 2	10/1/2013	6/30/2014	V.30	NA	V.31	Historical	Complete	ICD-9-CM	
SFY 15 ²	Year 3	7/1/2014	9/30/2014	V.31	V.31	NA	NA	Part I	ICD-9-CM	
		10/1/2014	6/30/2015			V.32	Historical	Part II	ICD-9-CM	
SFY 16	Year 4	7/1/2015	9/30/2015	V.32	V.32	NA	NA	Part I	ICD-9-CM	
		10/1/2015	6/30/2016			V.33	Historical	Part II	ICD-10-CM/PCS	
SFY 17	Year 5	7/1/2016	9/30/2016	V.33	V.33	NA	NA	Part I	ICD-10-CM/PCS	
		10/1/2016	6/30/2017			V.34	Historical	Part II	ICD-10-CM/PCS	
SFY 18	Year 6	7/1/2017	9/30/2017	V.33	V.33	V.34	Historical	Part I	ICD-10-CM/PCS	
		10/1/2017	6/30/2018		V.35	V.35	Historical	Part II	ICD-10-CM/PCS	
SFY 19	Year 7	7/1/2018	9/30/2018	V.35	V.35	NA	NA	Part I	ICD-10-CM/PCS	
		10/1/2018	6/30/2019		V.36	V.36	Historical	Part II	ICD-10-CM/PCS	

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State Fiscal Year	_	From Date	Through Date	DRG Grouper	НАС	Mapper	Мар Туре	Segment	ICD-Code Version	
SFY 20	Year 8	7/1/2019	9/30/2019	V.35	V.36	V.36	Historical	Part I	ICD-10-CM/PCS	
		10/1/2019	6/30/2020		V.37	V.37	Historical	Part II	ICD-10-CM/PCS	

Notes:

- 1. The DRG algorithm was implemented after the state fiscal year began.
- 2. The DRG algorithm was brought into alignment with the state fiscal year.
- 3. For specific grouper, mapper and HAC versions see the screen shots below.
- 4. Version 34 grouper and HAC not installed in SFY 2018.

Figure 1: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 1

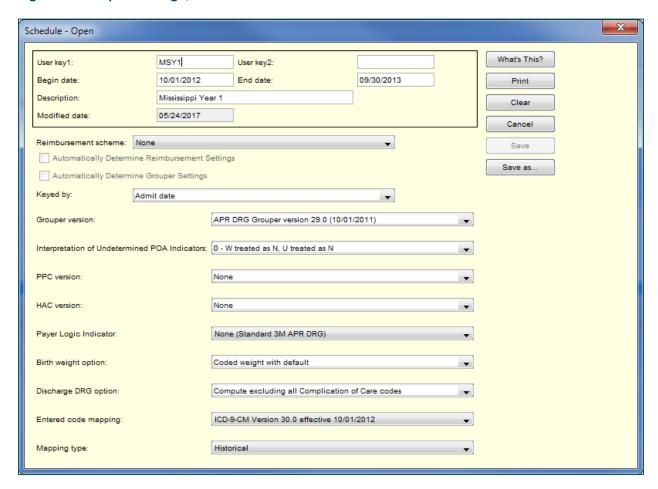


Figure 2: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 2

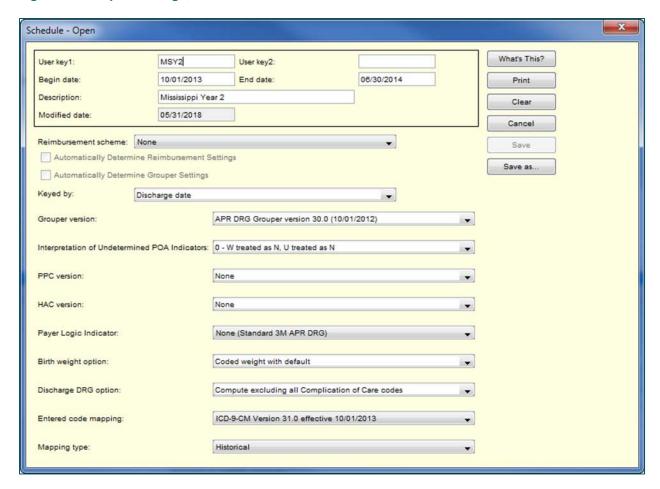


Figure 3: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 3 Part I

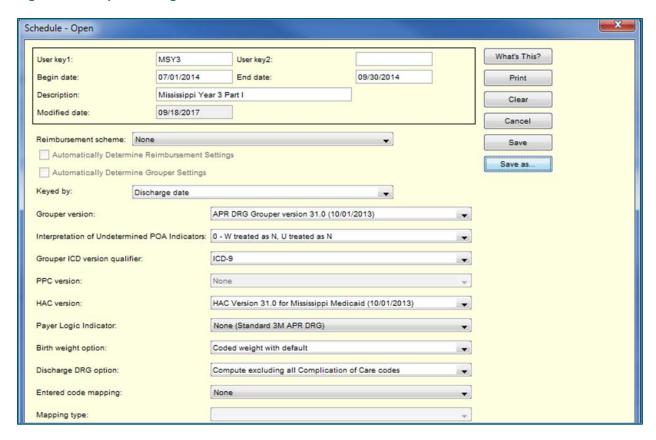


Figure 4: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 3 Part II

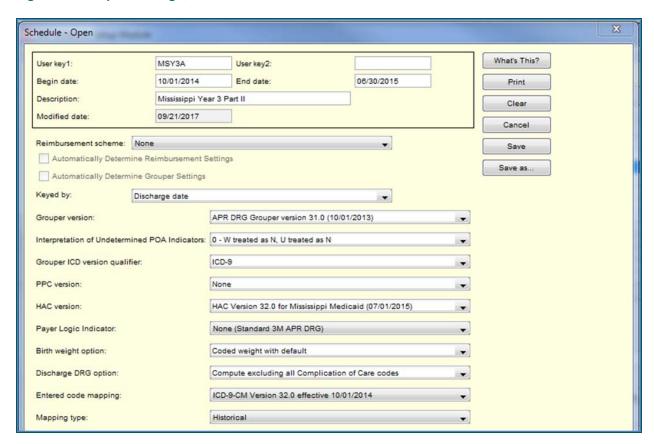


Figure 5: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 4 Part I

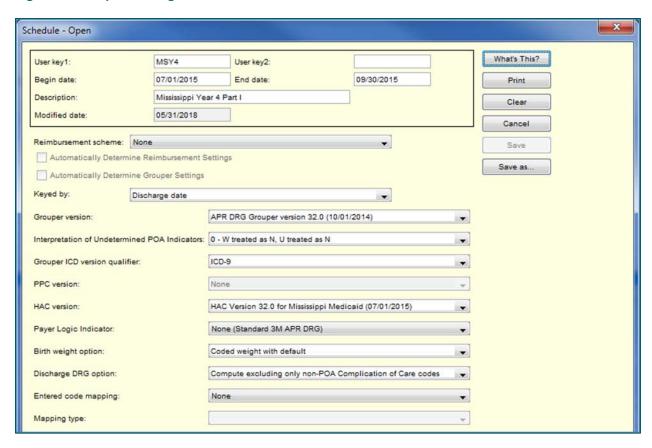


Figure 6: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 4 Part II

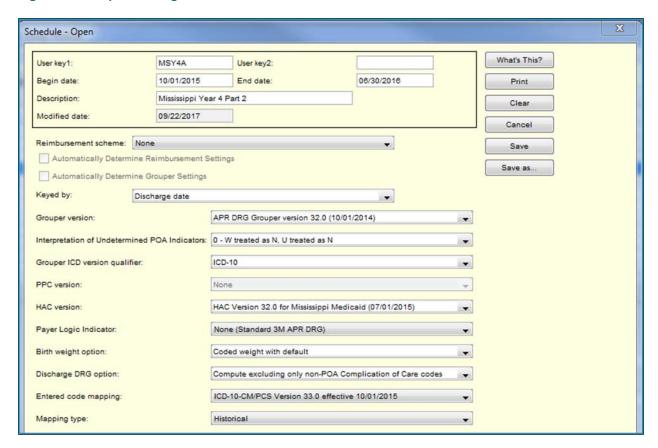


Figure 7: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 5 Part I

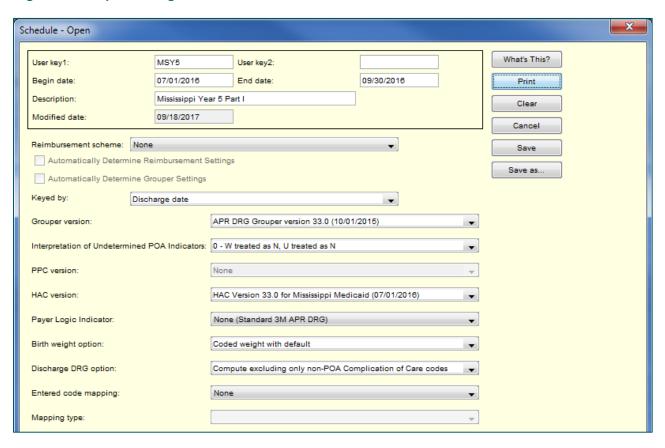


Figure 8: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 5 Part II

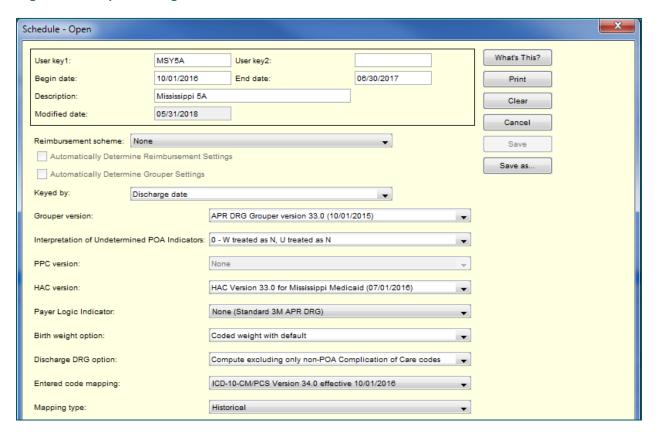


Figure 9: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 6 Part I

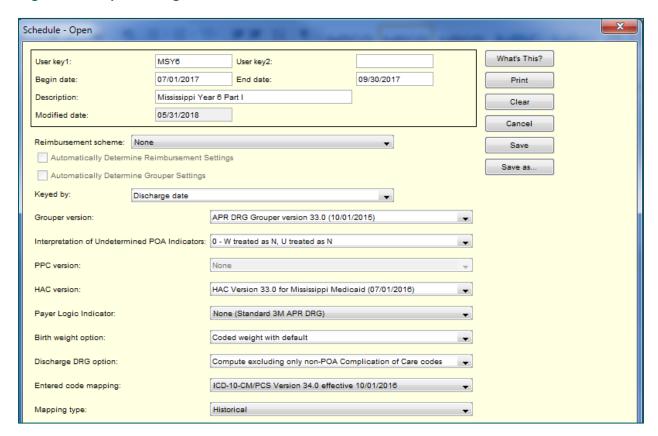


Figure 10: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 6 Part II

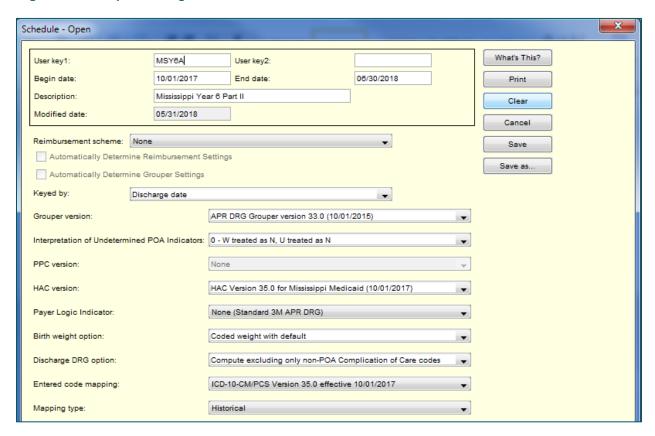
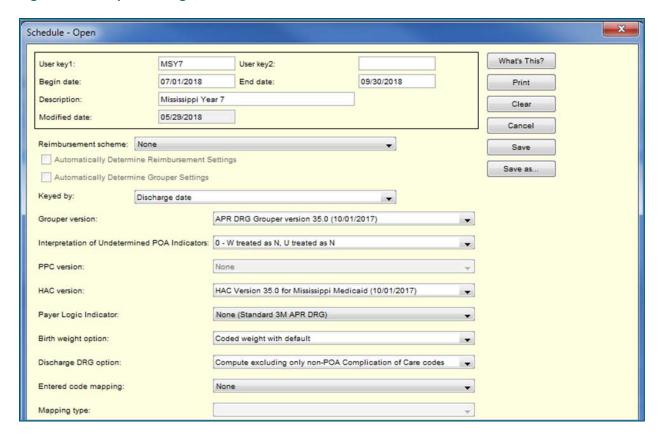
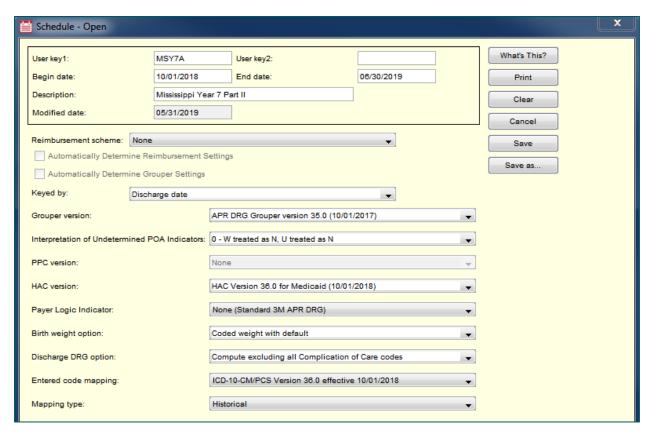


Figure 11: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 7 Part I

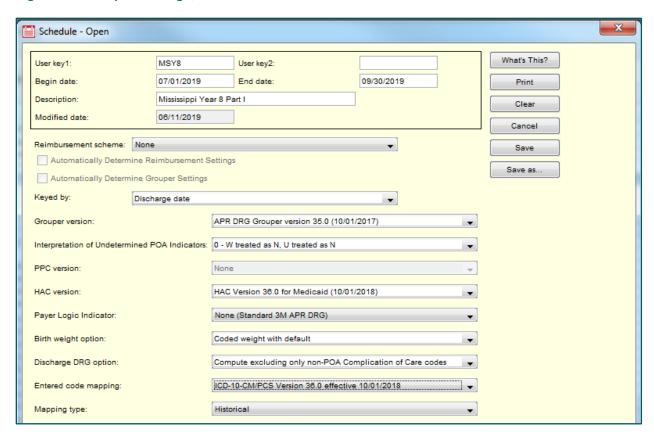






Note: The release of HAC Version 36 for Mississippi Medicaid (10/1/2018) desktop grouper has been delayed. In the meantime please use HAC Version 36 for Medicaid (10/1/2018). When the Mississippi specific version is released by 3M, please change your desktop grouper settings to use that version. The Mississippi Division of Medicaid payment system does use a Mississippi specific version of the HAC Utility. In cases of grouping and payment differences, the Mississippi Division of Medicaid payment system is correct.

Figure 13: Grouper Settings, DRG Year 8 Part I



Note: The release of HAC Version 36 for Mississippi Medicaid (10/1/2018) desktop grouper has been delayed. In the meantime please use HAC Version 36 for Medicaid (10/1/2018). When the Mississippi specific version is released by 3M, please change your desktop grouper settings to use that version. The Mississippi Division of Medicaid payment system does use a Mississippi specific version of the HAC Utility. In cases of grouping and payment differences, the Mississippi Division of Medicaid payment system is correct.