Residency

☑ The CHIP Agency provides CHIP to otherwise eligible residents of the state, including residents who are absent from the state under certain conditions.

A child is considered to be a resident of the state under the following conditions:

☐ A non-institutionalized child, if capable of indicating intent and who is emancipated or married, if the child is living in the state and:
   1. Intends to reside in the state, including without a fixed address, or
   2. Has entered the state with a job commitment or seeking employment, whether or not currently employed.

☐ A non-institutionalized child not described above and a child who is not a ward of the state:
   1. Residing in the state, with or without a fixed address, or
   2. The state of residency of the parent or caretaker, in accordance with 42 CFR 435.403(h)(1), with whom the individual resides.

☐ An institutionalized child, who is not a ward of the state, if the state is the state of residence of the child's custodial parent or caretaker at the time of placement, or

☐ A child who is a ward of the state regardless of where the child lives, or

☐ A child physically located in the state when there is a dispute with one or more states as to the child's actual state of residence.

If the state covers pregnant women, a pregnant woman is considered to be a resident under the following conditions:

☐ A non-institutionalized pregnant woman who is living in the state and:
   1. Intends to reside in the state, including without a fixed address, or if incapable of indicating intent, is living in the state, or
   2. Entered with a job commitment or seeking employment, whether or not currently employed.

☐ An institutionalized pregnant woman placed in an out-of-state-institution, as defined in 42 CFR 435.1010, including foster care homes, by an agency of the state, or

☐ An institutionalized pregnant woman residing in an in-state-institution, as defined in 42 CFR 435.1010, whether or not the individual established residency in the state prior to entering the institution, or

☐ A pregnant woman physically located in the state when there is a dispute with one or more states as to the pregnant woman's actual state of residence.

The state has in place related to the residency of children and pregnant women (if covered by the state):
CHIP Eligibility

One or more interstate agreement(s). No

A policy related to individuals in the state only for educational purposes. Yes

Provide a description of the policy:

If in the state only to attend school for a temporary period with no intent to reside, CHIP coverage is not possible.

PRA Disclosure Statement
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# CHIP Eligibility

**Separate Child Health Insurance Program**  
**Non-Financial Eligibility - Citizenship**

Sections 2105(c)(9) and 2107(e)(1)(J) of the SSA and 42 CFR 457.320(b)(6), (c) and (d)

## Citizenship

The CHIP Agency provides CHIP eligibility to otherwise eligible citizens and nationals of the United States and certain non-citizens, including the time period during which they are provided with reasonable opportunity to submit verification of their citizenship, national status or satisfactory immigration status.

☑ The CHIP Agency provides eligibility under the Plan to otherwise eligible individuals:

- Who are citizens or nationals of the United States; or

- Who are qualified non-citizens as defined in section 431 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA) (8 U.S.C. §1641), or whose eligibility is required by section 402(b) of PRWORA (8 U.S.C. §1612(b)) and is not prohibited by section 403 of PRWORA (8 U.S.C. §1613); or

- Who have declared themselves to be citizens or nationals of the United States, or an individual having satisfactory immigration status, during a reasonable opportunity period pending verification of their citizenship, nationality, or satisfactory immigration status consistent with requirements of 1903(x), 1137(d), and 1902(ee) of the Act, and 42 CFR 435.406, 407, 956 and 457.380.

The reasonable opportunity period begins on and extends 90 days from the date the notice of reasonable opportunity is received by the individual.

The agency provides for an extension of the reasonable opportunity period if the individual is making a good faith effort to resolve any inconsistencies or obtain any necessary documentation, or the agency needs more time to complete the verification process.

The agency begins to furnish benefits to otherwise eligible individuals during the reasonable opportunity period on a date earlier than the date the notice is received by the individual.

The date benefits are furnished is:

- The date of application containing the declaration of citizenship or immigration status.

☐ The date the reasonable opportunity notice is sent.

☐ Other date, as described:

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The CHIP Agency elects the option to provide CHIP coverage to otherwise eligible children up to age 19, lawfully residing in the United States, as provided in Section 2107(e)(1)(J) of the SSA (Section 214 of CHIPRA 2009, P.L. 111-3).

The CHIP Agency elects the option to provide CHIP coverage to otherwise eligible pregnant women, lawfully residing in the United States, as provided in Section 214 of CHIPRA 2009, P.L. 111-3. The state may not select this option unless the state also elects to cover lawfully residing children. A state may not select this option unless the state also covers Targeted Low-Income Pregnant Women.

**MAR 03 2014**

**Effective Date:** January 1, 2014
CHIP Eligibility

PRA Disclosure Statement
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# CHIP Eligibility

Separate Child Health Insurance Program  
Non-Financial Eligibility - Social Security Number  

42 CFR 457.340(b)  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Social Security Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>As a condition of eligibility, the CHIP Agency must require individuals who have a social security number or are eligible for one as determined by the Social Security Administration, to furnish their social security number, or numbers if they have more than one number.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The CHIP Agency requires individuals, as a condition of eligibility, to furnish their social security number(s), with the following exceptions:
  - Individuals refusing to obtain a social security number (SSN) because of well-established religious objections, or
  - Individuals who are not eligible for an SSN, or
  - Individuals who are issued an SSN only for a valid non-work purpose.

- The CHIP Agency assists individuals, who are required to provide their SSN, to apply for or obtain an SSN from the Social Security Administration if the individual does not have or forgotten their SSN.

- The CHIP Agency informs individuals required to provide their SSN:
  - By what statutory authority the number is solicited; and
  - How the state will use the SSN.

The CHIP Agency provides assurance that it will verify each SSN furnished by an applicant or beneficiary with the Social Security Administration, not deny or delay services to an otherwise eligible applicant pending issuance or verification of the individual's SSN by the Social Security Administration and that the state's utilization of the SSNs is consistent with sections 205 and 1137 of the Social Security Act and the Privacy Act of 1974.

The state may request non-applicant household members to voluntarily provide their SSN, if the state meets the requirements below.

- The state requests non-applicant household members to voluntarily provide their SSN.
  - When requesting an SSN for non-applicant household members, the state assures that:
    - At the time such SSN is requested, the state informs the non-applicant that this information is voluntary and provides information regarding how the SSN will be used; and
    - The state only uses the SSN for determination of eligibility for CHIP or other insurance affordability programs, or for a purpose directly connected with the administration of the state plan.

## PRA Disclosure Statement

SPA# MS-13-0013  
Approval Date: MAR 03 2014  
Effective Date: January 1, 2014  
Page 1 of 2
CHIP Eligibility

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CHIP Eligibility

Separate Child Health Insurance Program
Non-Financial Eligibility - Substitution of Coverage

457.310(b)(2) and (b)(3), 457.320(a)(9) and 2110(b)(1)(C) of the SSA

Substitution of Coverage

☑️ The CHIP Agency provides assurance that it has methods and policies in place to prevent the substitution of group health coverage or other commercial health insurance with public funded coverage. These policies include:

- Substitution of coverage prevention strategy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of policy</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>other creditable health coverage</td>
<td>Total CHIP denials are monitored monthly. If the total number of CHIP denials for having other insurance exceeds 10% for 3 consecutive months, this triggers additional monitoring of the denials for the months that exceeded 10% to identify the number of children denied for other insurance subsequently enrolled in CHIP within the following 3 month period. If the number of denied children subsequently enrolled in CHIP during this 3-month period exceeds 15%, there will be an analysis of case record information to determine if there has been a qualifying event recorded that is responsible for the dropped coverage, such as the termination of coverage by an employer or a change of jobs with no access to insurance. At any time the 15% threshold is exceeded, MS would collaborate with CMS to identify a strategy to reduce the substitution rate. There is no waiting period for children in MS CHIP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A waiting period during which an individual is ineligible due to having dropped group health coverage. ☐

☐ If the state covers pregnant women, the waiting period does not apply to pregnant women.

If the state elects to offer dental only supplemental coverage, the following assurances apply:

☐ The other coverage exclusion does not apply to children who are otherwise eligible for dental only supplemental coverage as provided in section 2110(b)(5) of the SSA.

☐ The waiting period does not apply to children eligible for dental only supplemental coverage.

PRA Disclosure Statement

MAR 03 2014
CHIP Eligibility

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### CHIP Eligibility

**Separate Child Health Insurance Program**

**General Eligibility - Continuous Eligibility**

2105(a)(4)(A) of the SSA and 42 CFR 457.342 and 435.926

The CHIP Agency may provide that children who have been determined eligible under the state plan shall remain eligible, regardless of any changes in the family’s circumstances, during a continuous eligibility period up to 12 months, or until the time the child reaches an age specified by the state (not to exceed age 19), whichever is earlier.

The CHIP Agency elects to provide continuous eligibility to children under this provision. **Yes**

- [ ] For children up to age 19
- [ ] For children up to age

The continuous eligibility period begins on the effective date of the child’s most recent determination or redetermination of eligibility, and ends:

- [ ] At the end of the ___ months continuous eligibility period.

Exceptions to the continuous eligibility period:

- [ ] The child attains the age specified by the state Agency or age 19.
- [ ] The child or child’s representative requests voluntary disenrollment.
- [ ] The child is no longer a resident of the state.
- [ ] The Agency determines that eligibility was erroneously granted at the most recent determination or renewal of eligibility because of Agency error or fraud, abuse, or perjury attributed to child or child’s representative.
- [ ] The child dies.
- [ ] There is a failure to pay required premiums or enrollment fees on behalf of a child, as provided for in the state plan.
- [ ] Other

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**PRA Disclosure Statement**

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