# MISSISSIPPI DIVISION OF MEDICAID

## **Eligibility Policy and Procedures Manual**

CHAPTER 300 - Resources

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### Determining Whether An Annuity is Actuarially Sound (Continued)

#### **Examples**

- 1. A male at age 65 purchases a \$10,000.00 annuity to be paid over the course of 10 years. His life expectancy according to the table in effect at the time is 16.73 years; thus, the annuity is actuarially sound.
- 2. A male at age 80 purchases a \$10,000.00 to be paid over the course of 10 years. His life expectancy (using the table in effect at the time) is only 7.62 years; thus, the annuity is not actuarially sound.

## 305.03.08 Documentation of Qualifying IRS Annuities

To determine that an annuity is established under any of the various provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that are referenced above, rely on verification from the financial institution, employer or employer association that issued the annuity.

The burden of proof is on the institutionalized individual or his representative to produce documentation. If documentation is not provided, which includes producing a copy of the actual annuity contract (not an application for an annuity or a request form for a change to an existing annuity) in order to evaluate the annuity, the purchase of the annuity will be considered a transfer for less than fair market value which is subject to a penalty. Without documentation, the full purchase value of the annuity will be considered the amount transferred.

# 305.03.09 Requirements for the Community Spouse

Annuities purchased by the Community Spouse on or after February 8, 2006, must name the Division of Medicaid as the preferred remainder beneficiary. The Institutionalized Spouse may not be named as a beneficiary ahead of DOM. However, if there is a minor or disabled child, the child may be named as first beneficiary and the Division of Medicaid must be named in the next position after those individuals.

It does not matter if the Community Spouse's annuity is actuarially sound or provides payments in approximately equal amounts with no deferred or balloon payments. These provisions apply only to annuities purchased by or on behalf of the individual who has applied for medical assistance.

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