MISSISSIPPI DIVISION OF MEDICAID

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

DRUG UTILIZATION REVIEW BOARD

AGENDA

November 17, 2011

Welcome Mark Reed, M.D. (Chair)

Old Business Mark Reed, M.D. (Chair)

Approval of August 2011 Meeting Minutes

Resource Utilization Review Kyle D. Null, Pharm.D.

Program Summary Report

Top 15 Drug Classes and Top 25 Drug Detail – Amount Paid*

Top 15 Drug Classes and Top 25 Drug Detail – Number of Claims

Pharmacy Program UpdateShannon P. Hardwick, R.Ph.

Elect DUR Board Chair and Co-Chair (DUR Coordinator)

New Business Kyle D. Null, Pharm.D.

Background on Medicaid Quality Measures Ben Banahan, Ph.D.

Special Analysis Projects

Update: Medical and POS Billings for Drug Products

Dilantin Shortage and Potential Problems with Unmonitored Switching

Clinical Edits Addressing the New Indications for Cialis (tadalafil)

Exceptions Monitoring

FDA Safety Warnings and Exceptions Monitoring

Exceptions Monitoring Criteria Recommendations

Addendum

Soma (carisoprodol) use

Next Meeting Information

Mark Reed, M.D. (Chair)

Soma (carisoprodol) Use

Background:

MS-DUR was asked to examine the use of carisoprodol during the prior 12 months with respect to the current clinical PA restriction. Of specific interest were (a) whether the current criteria are being enforced, and (b) whether a more rigid criterion of 84 units every 12 months is warranted. The current edit posted on the web site is:

Soma & Soma Combinations one time Rx of up to 84, every 6 months

Analysis and Results:

An analysis was conducted of all prescription claims for carisoprodol during the 12-month period October 1, 2010 through September 30, 2011. The initial analysis included a comparison of claims within the POS system and the MSCAN program.

Claims from Oct 1, 2010 - Sept 30, 2011							
		POS	MSCAN				
Benes by total units of carisoprodol dispensed	<=84	21 (68%)	218 (30%)				
	85 - 168	5 (16%)	150 (21%)				
	> 168	5 (16%)	362 (50%)				
	0	26 (84%)	458 (63%)				
Benes - number of carisoprodol Rx fills > 84	1	2 (6%)	72 (10%)				
	2	2 (6%)	44 (6%)				
	3+	1 (3%)	136 (21%)				

As shown above, only 31 beneficiaries in the POS system used carisoprodol. Only 2 claims were filed in during the last 3 months of 2010. Use of carisoprodol in the MSCAN program appears to be widespread with 730 beneficiaries in MSCAN receiving carisoprodol during the observation period. It should be noted that the MSCAN results only include 9 months of data compared to 12 months for the POS program.

The time period between the first fill date and the last fill date for ALL 31 POS beneficiaries using carisoprodol was < 6 months.

10 POS beneficiaries exceeded a quantity of 84 units of carisoprodol within 6 months. Of these, only 5 beneficiaries had individual prescriptions filled that exceeded the quantity limit of 84 units.

As shown below, another 5 beneficiaries exceeded 84 or 168 units in 6 months by filling multiple RXs, none of which exceeded the quantity limit of 84.

		Benes by number of carisoprodol Rx fills > 84			
		0	1	2	3+
Panas by total units of	<=84	21	0	0	0
Benes by total units of carisoprodol dispensed	85 - 168	3	2	0	0
	> 168	2	0	2	1

Last fill date for RXs exceeding quantity limit of 84 units in 6 months are spread from January – September of 2011. This indicates that the problems with overuse of carisoprodol is due to (a) the clinical edits in SmartPA not being set correctly or (b) manual edits approving these exceptions.

Last Fill Date							
for POS Beneficiaries Exceeding 84 units in 6 months							
Last fill date	7-Jan-11	1					
	17-Mar-11	1					
	5-Apr-11	1					
	30-May-11	1					
	13-May-11	1					
	27-Jun-11	1					
	6-Jul-11	1					
	9-Sep-11	1					
	19-Sep-11	1					
	30-Sep-11	1					

Conclusions:

Overall use of carisoprodol is fairly low in the Medicaid population. 10 of 31 POS beneficiaries using carisoprodol should have had some prescriptions denied based on the currently posted clinical edit criteria. These exceptions to the criteria included both (a) individual prescriptions that exceeded the 84 unit limit and (b) multiple prescriptions within 6 months that exceeded 84 total units.

These results indicate that a more restrictive criterion of 84 units every 12 months would have no effect on current utilization patterns in the POS program since all current POS beneficiaries filled prescriptions for less than 6 months. Current exceptions to the existing criteria must be due to either (a) manual PA approvals or (b) inappropriate coding of the exiting criteria in the SmartPA system.

Although no evidence exists that a change is needed in the PA criteria used in the POS program for carisoprodol, there does appear to be a much more liberal use of carisoprodol in the MSCAN program. This may produce significant PA problems when patients transition from MSCAN to back to POS.